Report on the International Expert Elicitation Workshop on Prion Disease Transmission held March 16-17, 2009

R. Samuel McLaughlin Centre for Population Health Risk Assessment

A PAHO / WHO Collaborating Centre in Population Health Risk Assessment

February 25, 2009

Université d'Ottawa | University of Ottawa



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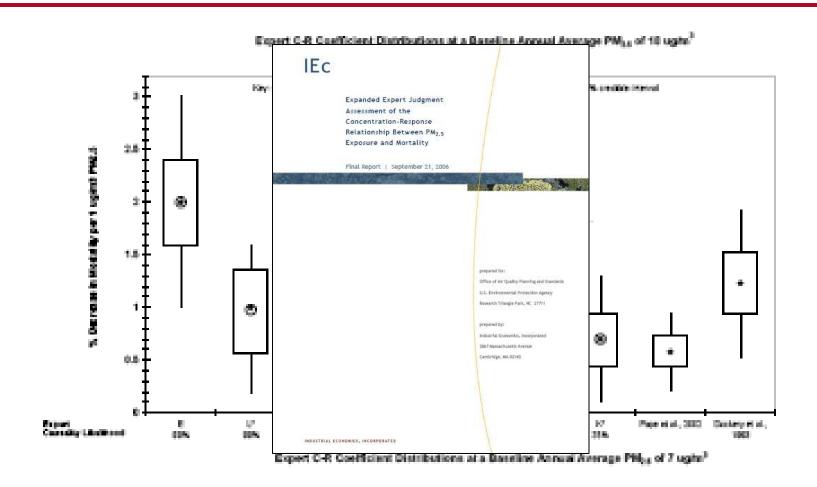






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Applications of Expert Elicitation



Calibration of Experts

- Evaluate expert's uncertainty assessments based on a series of calibration questions where the answer is known
- Weight expert opinion in relation to calibration exercise (Cooke 'calibration score')
- Thirteen seed questions used to calibrate experts

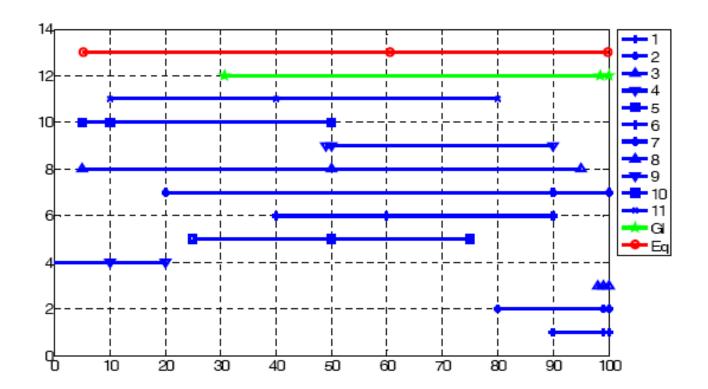




Following calibration, the experts were asked to answer 22 target questions



 What is the likelihood of the existence of another zoonotic TSE strain other than classical BSE? (%)



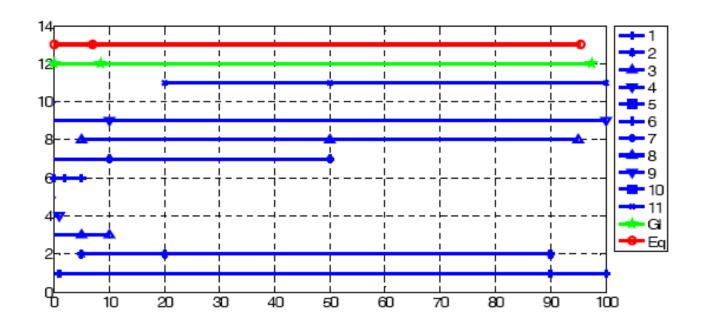
• What is the likelihood of the existence of another zoonotic TSE strain other than classical BSE? (%)

The experts considered it highly likely that there exist animal diseases other than BSE that may affect humans.

Best expert judgement: over 98% likelihood of the existence of zoonotic diseases other than classical BSE.



 What is the likelihood that chronic wasting disease can transmit to humans? (%)



 What is the likelihood that chronic wasting disease can transmit to humans? (%)

The experts thought that it possible that chronic wasting disease can be transmitted to humans.

Best expert judgement: likelihood of just under 10%



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